

1Z0-149^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 19c: Program with PL/SQL

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QUESTION 1

Which two are true about collections and RECORD types? (Choose two.)

- A. A variable of RECORD type can contain fields of another RECORD type or any collection type.
- B. Only associative arrays and nested tables can have elements of RECORD type.
- C. All collections and RECORD types can be defined in PL/SQL blocks, packages, or at the schema level.
- D. Collections and RECORD types are always dense.
- E. All collections and RECORD types can be stored in table columns.
- F. VARRAYS, nested tables and each field in %ROWTYPE type variables have a default value of null.

Correct Answer: BF

QUESTION 2

User ORA41 executes these statements successfully:

Now, examine this statement which is executed successfully by user ORA61 after a successful login:

```
EXECUTE ora41.update_emp_proc(100,25000);
```

Which two are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The salary will be changed for employee 100 in the EMPLOYEES table owned by ORA41.
- B. No update happens even though the procedure executes successfully.
- C. The salary will be changed for employee 100 in the EMPLOYEES table owned by ORA61.
- D. The UPDATE privilege on ORA41.EMPLOYEES is not inherited by ORA61 through the procedure.
- E. ORA61 will have been granted the UPDATE privilege explicitly on ORA41.EMPLOYEES before executing the statement.

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 3

Which is true about the PLScope_SETTINGS parameter?

- A. It is deprecated in Oracle 12c.
- B. It can be used to obtain information about all identifiers when compiling a procedure.
- C. It can be used to control execution of specific portions of the PL/SQL code conditionally.

D. It can be used to control a user's privileges on PL/SQL objects at run time.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

Sequence S and table PRODUCTS exist in your schema.

Examine the table description:

DESC products

Name	Null?	Type
PDT_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(3)
PDT_NAME		VARCHAR2(25)
PRICE		NUMBER(8,2)

Now, examine this block of code:

```
1 CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE report(UPPER(pdt_name_in)IN products.pdt_name%TYPE) IS
2   current_price NUMBER := 155.55;
3   new_price NUMBER(10,2) := ROUND(current_price + (current_price * .05));
4   compare_value VARCHAR2(20);
5   BEGIN
6     compare_value := DECODE( new_price, 1001, 'Above 1000', 'Below 1000');
7     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(s.NEXTVAL || ' ' || UPPER('New Price') || ' ' || TO_CHAR(new_price));
8     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(s.CURRVAL+1 || ' ' || UPPER('New Price') || ' ' || new_price);
9 END;
/
```

Which two lines each result in a compilation error? (Choose two.)

- A. line 1
- B. line 6
- C. line 8
- D. line 2
- E. line 3
- F. line 7

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 5

Examine these statements and output:

```
CONNECT ora1/ora1@pdb1
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE proc1( v1 OUT NUMBER) is  
BEGIN  
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v1*10);  
END;  
/
```

The procedure is created successfully.

```
GRANT EXECUTE ON proc1 TO ora2;  
grant succeeded.
```

User ora2 has password ora2 in pdb1.

Which script will execute successfully?

A.

```
CONNECT ora2/ora2@pdb1
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
/
BEGIN
  EXEC ora1.proc1;
END;
```

B.

```
CONNECT ora2/ora2@pdb1
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
DECLARE
x NUMBER:=5;
BEGIN
  ora1.proc1(x);
END;
```

C.

```
CONNECT ora2/ora2@pdb1
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
DECLARE
x NUMBER:=5;
BEGIN
  x:=proc1;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(x)
END;
```

D.

```
CONNECT ora2/ora2@pdb1
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
/
BEGIN
  EXEC proc1;
END;
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: B

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